TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury for all fatalities and by major private industri sector, California, 2009

			Goods p	roducing		Service providing									
Primary source and secondary source ²	Total fatalities (number)	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ³	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services		
Total	. 301	94	24	50	20	152	78		7	30	12	13	10		
Primary Source⁴															
Chemicals and chemical products Furniture and fixtures Machinery Construction, logging, and mining machinery Parts and materials Building materials-solid elements Bricks, blocks, structural stone Fasteners, connectors, ropes, ties Ropes, ties, chains Rope, twine, string Machine, tool, and electric parts Electric parts. Persons, plants, animals, and minerals Animals and animal products Plants, trees, vegetationnot processed Trees, logs Structures and surfaces Floors, walkways, ground surfaces, unspecified Floors Floors Floor building Ground Tools, instruments, and equipment Handtoolsnonpowered Cutting handtoolsnonpowered Knives Vehicles Air vehicle Aircraftpowered fixed wing Propeller-driven aircraft Aircraftpowered rotary wing Helicopter Highway vehicle, motorized Automobile	18 6 23 7 3 8 7 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 1 46 3 3 14 11 22 23 11 9 12 23 11 9 9	29 26 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 7 29 26 		 33 37 7 4 4 4 24 22 22 5 5 4 12 	3 6 6								3 3 3		

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury for all fatalities and by major private industry sector, California, 2009 - continued

			Goods p	roducing		Service providing								
Primary source and secondary source ²	Total fatalities (number)	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ³	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	
Truck, unspecified Delivery truck Dump truck Pickup truck Semitrailer, tractor trailer, trailer truck Truck, n.e.c. Offroad vehicle, nonindustrial All terrain vehicle (ATV) Plant and industrial powered vehicles, tractors Forklift Forklift, unspecified Tractor Water vehicle Tugboat, commercial fishing boat Other sources Ammunition Bullets Pellets Atmospheric and environmental conditions Steam, vapors, liquids, n.e.c Liquids Water	34 6535 11 4433 1343 4760 555 4888 8			6 		222 -4 	19 3 22 22 22						3	
Secondary Source* Containers	3 3 12 6 6		 3 3 3	 5 5 3 	 3 	 7 7 3 53 43	 24 21	 	 4	 3 3 13	 4	 5 5		

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury for all fatalities and by major private industreduction sector, California, 2009 - continued

			Goods p	roducing		Service providing								
Primary source and secondary source ²	Total fatalities (number)	Total goods producing	resources	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	
Personother than injured or ill worker, unspecified Co-worker, former co-worker of injured or						13	5							
ill workerRelative of injured or ill workerRobber	3		 	 	 	9 3 9	5 8	 		 	 	 		
Personother than injured or ill worker, n.e.c	9		 	 	 	9	3	 		3 7 7		 	 	
Trees, logs	37 6 14	18 5 7	 	15 4 7	 	17 7	10 3	 	 	3	 	 		
Roof. Skylights Structures	7	5 6	 	5 4	 	 10	 7	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Pools	4 4	3	 	 	 	3	 6	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Guardrails, road dividers Tools, instruments, and equipment Ladders.	6 11 7	 7 5	 	 7 5	 	5 3 	5 3 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Laddersmovable Step ladders Vehicles	7 5	5 5 5	 	5 5 3	 	 18	 12	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Air vehicle Aircraftpowered rotary wing See toxtootes at end of table	11												<u> </u>	

See tootnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury for all fatalities and by major private industry sector, California, 2009 - continued

Primary source and secondary source ²			Goods p	roducing		Service providing								
		Total goods producing		Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation, and utilities	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	
Helicopter Highway vehicle, motorized	8 22	3				 14	 9							
Automobile Truck	8 11			 	 	4 8	6						 	
trailer truck	8	 	 	 	 	6	4	 	 				 	
Other sources	8 5	4	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 			 	

^{&#}x27;Industry data from 2003 to 2008 are classified using the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Industry data after 2008 are classified using the 2007 NAICS.

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

source of injury or that contributed to the event or exposure. For vehicle collisions, the deceased's vehicle is the primary source and the other object (truck, road divider, etc.) is the secondary source. For most homicides, the "bullet" is the primary source and the "assailant" is the secondary source. For most falls, the secondary source identifies the equipment or surface from which the worker fell. NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes

indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

Data for 2009 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

"The primary source of injury identifies the object, substance, or exposure that directly produced or

inflicted the injury. For most transportation incidents, the primary source identifies the vehicle in which the deceased was an occupant. For most falls, the primary source identifies the surface or object contacted